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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder 01/01/2007 REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING _ AND ENDING MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION OFFICIAL USE ONLY NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: RiverSource Distributors, Inc. FIRM ID. NO. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 105 Ameriprise Financial Center, 707 2nd Avenue South (No. and Street) Minneapolis 55474 (City) (State) (Zip Code) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT (612) 671-6741 Jeffrey P. Fox (Area Code - Telephone No.) B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* **Ernst & Young LLP** (Name - of individual, state last, first, middle name) 55402 220 South Sixth Street, Suite 1400 Minneapolis MN (Address) (City) (State) (Zip Coce) **CHECK ONE:** X Certified Public Accountant □ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

| I,Jeffrey P. Fox | , swear (or affirm) that, to the |
|---|---|
| best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statem RiverSource Distributors, Inc. | nents and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of |
| December 31,, 2007 are true and correct. I fu | orther swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any |
| partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprieta customer, except as follows: | ry interest in any account classified solely as that of a |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Jolle P. F.P |
| | Chief Financial Officer |
| Notary Public Collins | JILL D. COLLINS DTAMY PUBLIC-MINNESOTA Commission Expline Jan. 21, 2019 |

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- X (a) Facing page.
- X (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
 - (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
 - (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
 - (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
 - (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
 - (g) Computation of Net Capital.
 - (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
 - (I) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
 - (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A or Rule 15c3-3.
 - (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- X (I) An Oath or Affirmation.
 - (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
 - (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
 - (o) Independent auditor's report on internal accounting control
 - (p) Statement of Secured Amount and Funds Held in Separate Accounts for Foreign Futures and Options Customers Pursuant to Commission Regulation 30.7.
- (q) Reconciliation of Assets, Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity to the Regulatory Report.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

RiverSource Distributors, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition Year Ended December 31, 2007

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Ernst & Young LLP 220 South Sixth Street, Ste 1400 Minneapolis, MN 55402-4509 Phone: (612) 343-1000 www.ey.com

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors RiverSource Distributors, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of RiverSource Distributors, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2007. This statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of RiverSource Distributors, Inc. as of December 31, 2007, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Ernst + young LLP

March 14, 2008

RiverSource Distributors, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007 (In thousands except share data)

| Assets | | |
|---|-----|---------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 27,799 |
| Receivables: | | |
| Due from affiliates | | 33,794 |
| Other | | 2 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | | 59,557 |
| Deferred compensation | | 2,209 |
| Secured demand note receivable from Parent | | 20,000 |
| Equipment and software, less accumulated | | |
| depreciation and amortization of \$91 | | 1,176 |
| Total assets | \$ | 144,537 |
| Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity | | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses: | | |
| Due to affiliates | \$ | 33,414 |
| Accrued salaries and employee benefits | | 9,303 |
| Other accruals | | 5,652 |
| Deferred income taxes, net | | 1,536 |
| | | 49,905 |
| Liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors | | 20,000 |
| Stockholder's equity: | | |
| Common stock \$.01 par value per share: | | |
| Authorized, issued and outstanding shares - 100 | | |
| Additional paid - in capital | | 69,553 |
| Retained earnings | | 5,079 |
| Total stockholder's equity | | 74,632 |
| Total liabilities and stockholder's equity | _\$ | 144,537 |

See accompanying notes

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

RiverSource Distributors, Inc. (the Company) is incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ameriprise Financial Inc. (the Parent). The Company is an introducing broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

The Company provides underwriting and distribution services for financial products of affiliated companies, including the RiverSource Funds and RiverSource Variable Insurance Products.

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The preparation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the related disclosures. These accounting estimates reflect the best judgment of management and actual amounts could differ.

Significant Accounting Policies

Fair Value of Financial Instruments: Substantially all of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are carried at market value or at amounts which, because of their short-term nature and based on market interest rates available to the Company on December 31, 2007, approximate fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash equivalents include time deposits and other highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

Equipment and Software: Equipment and software are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. The Company capitalizes certain costs to develop or obtain software for internal use. The Company generally uses the straight-line method of depreciation and amortization over a period ranging from three to ten years.

Deferred Acquisition Costs: Commissions and other direct variable distribution costs are paid to affiliates and outside distributors by the Company in connection with the sales of certain investment products and are deferred. Such deferred acquisition costs (DAC) are amortized over the estimated revenue generating lives of the related products. When the client's investment is

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

redeemed, any remaining deferred acquisition costs are immediately recognized as expense in conjunction with the collection of a contingent deferred sales charge. In October 2007, the Company entered into an agreement with the Parent to receive distribution fees for selling affiliated mutual funds. This agreement required the Parent to contribute \$62,099 of DAC associated with these mutual fund products to the Company via a dividend transaction. As DAC is considered a nonallowable asset for net capital calculation purposes, this transaction had no impact on the Company's net capital.

2. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 gives entities the option to measure certain financial instruments and other items at fair value that are not currently permitted to be measured at fair value. The objective of SFAS 159 is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. SFAS 159 requires entities to report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS 159 also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements. SFAS 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Company does not plan to make any fair value elections upon adoption of SFAS 159 on January 1, 2008.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans – an Amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, 106, and 132(R)" ("SFAS 158"). As of December 31, 2006, the Company adopted the recognition provisions of SFAS 158 which require an entity to recognize the over-funded or under-funded status of an employer's defined benefit postretirement plan as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. The Company's adoption of this provision did not have a material effect on the results of operations or financial condition. Effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008, SFAS 158 also requires an employer to measure plan assets and benefit obligations as of the date of the employer's fiscal year-end statement of financial position. As of December 31, 2008, the Company will adopt the measurement provisions of SFAS 158 which the Company does not believe will have a material effect on the Company's statement of financial condition.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and

2. Recently Issued Accounting Standards (continued)

expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. Accordingly, SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted provided that the entity has not issued financial statements for any period within the year of adoption. The provisions of SFAS 157 are required to be applied prospectively as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which SFAS 157 is initially applied, except for certain financial instruments as defined in SFAS 157 which will require retrospective application of SFAS 157. The transition adjustment, if any, will be recognized as a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings for the fiscal year of adoption. The Company will adopt SFAS 157 effective January 1, 2008. The adoption of SFAS 157 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's statement of financial condition.

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The Company adopted FIN 48 as of January 1, 2007. There was no impact of adopting FIN 48 on the Company's statement of financial condition.

3. Secured Demand Notes Receivable and Subordinated Liabilities

At December 31, 2007 the Company has a secured demand note collateral agreement with the Parent for \$20,000. The interest-free secured demand note receivable was secured by securities with an aggregate market value of \$21,502 at December 31, 2007 (\$21,502 after deducting applicable valuation adjustments required by SEC Rule 15c3-1).

The Company has interest-free subordinated liabilities pursuant to the secured demand note collateral agreement. The collateral and related subordinated liabilities have been approved by FINRA. Therefore, the borrowings are available in computing net capital under the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid.

The secured demand note and subordinated liabilities are between related parties and bear no interest; therefore, the estimated fair value of these financial instruments is not meaningful and

3. Secured Demand Notes Receivable and Subordinated Liabilities (continued)

has not been disclosed. The secured demand note collateral agreement is due to mature on February 28, 2011.

4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the net capital requirements of FINRA and the Uniform Net Capital requirements of the SEC under Rule 15c3-1. FINRA and the SEC requirements also provide that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if certain minimum net capital requirements are not met. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$30,324, which was \$30,074 in excess of the amount required to be maintained.

5. Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated income tax return with the Parent which includes the Parent and all of its non-life insurance subsidiaries. The provision for current income taxes is determined on a separate entity basis, except that any benefit for losses is recognized only to the extent that they can be utilized in the consolidated return. It is the policy of the Parent to reimburse subsidiaries for any current tax benefits recognized. Deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the tax consequences on future years of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each year-end. State taxes are allocated to subsidiaries based on apportionment factors.

The Company had a receivable from the Parent for federal income taxes of \$2,239 at December 31, 2007.

Significant components of the Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2007 are as follows:

| Deterred income tax assets: | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|--------|
| Deferred compensation and bonuses | \$ | 492_ |
| Total deferred income tax assets | | 492 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities: | | |
| Deferred acquisition and bonuses | (| 1,668) |
| Internally developed software | | (360) |
| Total deferred income tax liabilities | (| 2,028) |
| Net deferred income tax liability | \$ (| 1,536) |
| | | |

5. Income Taxes (continued)

The Company is required to establish a valuation allowance for any portion of the deferred income tax assets that management believes will not be realized. In the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefit of the deferred income tax assets, and therefore, no such valuation allowance has been established.

The Company adopted FIN 48 as of January 1, 2007. There was no impact of adopting FIN 48 on the Company's financial statements as there were no unrecognized tax benefits as of January 1, 2007 and December 31, 2007.

6. Related-Party Transactions

The Company provides various services to other affiliates, and is compensated for these services pursuant to various agreements with the affiliates to which the services are provided. The most significant activity includes providing distribution services for mutual funds and insurance products sold through the field force and outside distributors. Distribution fees include point-of-sale fees (such as front-load mutual fund fees) and asset-based fees that are generally based on a contractual fee as a percentage of assets (such as 12b-1 fees). Additionally, distribution fees also include fees received under marketing support arrangements for sales of proprietary mutual funds. The Company also provides wholesaling services to its affiliates, which includes planning and coordination of wholesaling activities, providing product sales and educational support, and maintaining staff to support these services.

The Company participates in the Parent's 2005 Incentive Compensation Plan. Employees are eligible to receive incentive awards including stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, performance shares and similar awards designed to comply with the applicable federal regulations and laws of jurisdiction.

The Company participates in the Parent's Retirement Plan (the Plan) which covers all permanent employees age 21 and over who have met certain employment requirements. Contributions to the Plan are based on participants' age, years of service and total compensation for the year. Funding of retirement costs for the Plan complies with the applicable minimum funding requirements specified by ERISA.

The Company also participates in the defined contribution pension plans of the Parent that cover all employees who have met certain employment requirements. The Company's contributions to the plans are a percentage of either each employee's eligible compensation or basic contributions.

6. Related-Party Transactions (continued)

The Company participates in the defined benefit health care plans of the Parent that provide health care and life insurance benefits to retired employees and retired financial advisors. The plans include participant contributions and service related eligibility requirements. Upon retirement, such employees are considered to have been employees of the Parent.

